INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS AND METHOD CAPABLE OF PROCESSING PLURALITY TYPE OF INPUT INFORMATION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5   Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to an information processing apparatus and method for processing a plurality type of input information.

Related Background Art

10   A conventional information processing apparatus having a keyboard, an OCR, an on-line hand-written character recognition unit and a speech recognition unit can generate character information by recognizing key input information, character images on a paper

15   sheet, input hand-written character information, and input speech information. However, such an apparatus defines in advance character information to be generated for each piece of input information, and generates the character information by referring to

20   such definitions. Therefore, it cannot deal with combined inputs from a plurality of input units described above.

Furthermore, the conventional apparatus aims at only acquiring character information of input

25   information. It is therefore impossible to realize natural interaction using natural languages in a manner like peoples can do. An operator is therefore required

to always consider the function of each application and the operation method suitable for the function. It is impossible to consider only the contents which result from using each application.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to provide an information processing apparatus and method capable of processing a combination of information supplied from a plurality type of input units.

It is another object of the invention to provide an information processing apparatus and method capable of realizing natural interaction using natural languages without considering the function of each application and the operation method suitable for the function.

According to one aspect, the present invention which achieves these objectives relates to an information processing apparatus comprising: input means for inputting a plurality type of information; and input analyzing means for analyzing a combination of at least two types of information input from the input means.

According to another aspect, the present invention which achieves these objects relates to an information processing method comprising an input step of inputting a plurality type of information; and an input analyzing

step of analyzing a combination of at least two types of information input by the input step.

According to still another aspect, the present invention which achieves these objectives relates to a computer-readable storage medium storing an information processing program for controlling a computer to perform information processing, the program comprising codes for causing the computer to perform an input step of inputting a plurality type of information; and an input analyzing step of analyzing a combination of at least two types of information input by the input step.

Other objectives and advantages besides those discussed above shall be apparent to those skilled in the art from the description of preferred embodiments of the invention which follows. In the description, reference is made to accompanying drawings, which form a part thereof, and which illustrate an example of the invention. Such example, however, is not exhaustive of the various embodiments of the invention, and therefore reference is made to the claims which follow the description for determining the scope of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the hardware structure of an information processing apparatus according to an embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 2 is a functional block diagram showing the

fundamental structure of the information processing apparatus of the embodiment.

Fig. 3 is a flow chart illustrating the whole process of the information processing apparatus of the embodiment.

Fig. 4 shows examples of concept instances to be generated and referred to.

Fig. 5 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a relation between concepts, this definition being used as a standard for the concept instance.

Fig. 6 is a diagram illustrating the definition of instances of concept instances corresponding to a slot ConceptType.

Fig. 7 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept Concept.

Fig. 8 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept Action.

Fig. 9 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept Trans.

Fig. 10 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept Get.

Fig. 11 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept Send.

Fig. 12 is a flow chart illustrating an input detection process.

Fig. 13 is a flow chart illustrating an input analysis process.

Fig. 14 is a flow chart illustrating a concept instance list acquirement process.

Fig. 15 is a flow chart illustrating an input information concept instance generation process.

Fig. 16 is a diagram showing a knowledge database.

Fig. 17 is a diagram showing information of a combination of an input character string "send" and information necessary for generating the concept instance.

Fig. 18 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept Person.

Fig. 19 is a diagram showing information of a combination of an input character string "mike" and information necessary for generating the concept instance.

Fig. 20 is a flow chart illustrating a knowledge database retrieval process.

Figs. 21, 22, 23 and 24 are diagrams showing examples of process object information.

Figs. 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29 are diagrams showing examples of an input information concept instance list.

Figs. 30, 31, 32 and 33 are diagrams showing examples of a request list.

Fig. 34 is a flow chart illustrating a request information generation process.

Fig. 35 is a flow chart illustrating a process of adding request information in a concept definition.

Fig. 36 is a flow chart illustrating a request respondence process.

Figs. 37, 38, 39 and 40 are diagrams showing examples of an applicable request list.

5   Fig. 41 is a flow chart illustrating a concept level applicable request information acquirement process.

Fig. 42 is a flow chart illustrating an applicable request information addition process.

10   Fig. 43 is a flow chart illustrating a surface layer level applicable request information limitation process.

Fig. 44 is a flow chart illustrating an applicable request information without a corresponding instance
15   limitation process.

Fig. 45 is a flow chart illustrating a surface layer level word order applicable request information limitation process.

Fig. 46 is a flow chart illustrating a surface
20   layer level rule applicable request information limitation process.

Fig. 47 is a flow chart illustrating a non-conflict request information limitation process.

Fig. 48 is a flow chart illustrating an
25   unconditional request information limitation process.

Fig. 49 is a flow chart illustrating a conditional request information limitation process.

Fig. 50 is a flow chart illustrating a request information application process.

Fig. 51 is a diagram illustrating the state that an operator selects a file displayed on a file selection window and instructs a process through speech.

Fig. 52 is a diagram showing a concept instance list acquired by a concept instance list acquirement process.

Fig. 53 is a diagram showing a concept instance list added by an input information concept instance generation process.

Fig. 54 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a concept File.

Fig. 55 is a diagram showing a request list.

Fig. 56 is a diagram showing a concept instance list unified by the concept instance unification process.

Fig. 57 is a flow chart illustrating the concept instance list unification process.

Fig. 58 is a flow chart illustrating a process of generating request information from a concept instance.

Fig. 59 is a diagram illustrating an input of key information from a keyboard.

Fig. 60 is a flow chart illustrating an input detection process dealing with a plurality piece of input information.

Fig. 61 is a flow chart illustrating an input analysis process dealing with a plurality piece of input information.

Fig. 62 is a diagram showing the state that handwritten information is input with a handwriting input unit and speech information is input with a speech input unit.

Fig. 63 is a diagram showing an example of an input information storage table.

Fig. 64 is a diagram showing a concept instance list added by the input information concept instance generation process.

Fig. 65 is a diagram showing a concept instance list added by the input information concept instance generation process.

Fig. 66 is a diagram showing a concept instance list unified by the concept instance list unification process.

Fig. 67 is a flow chart illustrating an input conversion process dealing with a plurality piece of input information.

Fig. 68 is a flow chart illustrating an input detection process considering an input order of a plurality piece of input information.

Fig. 69 is a flow chart illustrating an input analysis process considering an input order of a plurality piece of input information.

Fig. 70 is a diagram illustrating the state that speech information, key information, hand-written information and image information are input.

Fig. 71 is a diagram showing an example of information stored in input units.

Fig. 72 is a diagram showing an example of the input information storage table.

Fig. 73 is a diagram showing an example of generation object information.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[First Embodiment]

A first preferred embodiment of the invention will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the hardware structure of an information processing apparatus according to an embodiment of the invention.

In Fig. 1, reference numeral 1 represents an input unit for inputting information. Reference numeral 2 represents a CPU which executes arithmetic and logical calculations and the like for various processes and controls each component connected to a bus 6. Reference numeral 3 represents an output unit for outputting information.

Reference numeral 4 represents a program memory for storing programs including process sequences to be

later described with reference to flow charts, the programs being used for the control by CPU 2. The program memory 4 may be a ROM or a RAM into which programs are loaded from an external storage unit.

5   Reference numeral 5 represents a data memory for storing data generated during various processes and storing knowledge of a knowledge database to be described later. The data memory 5 may be a RAM. Knowledge may be loaded in the knowledge database from

10   an non-volatile external storage unit before the process is executed, or may be referred to when necessary.

The bus 6 is used for transferring an address signal, a control signal, and data to be exchanged

15   between components. The address signal designates each component to be controlled by CPU 2, and the control signal controls each component.

Fig. 2 is a functional block diagram showing the fundamental structure of the information processing

20   apparatus of the embodiment.

Referring to Fig. 2, the input unit 1 has two or more input mechanisms of different types for inputting information. These input mechanisms may be a hand-written information input board for inputting hand-

25   written information, a keyboard for inputting key information, a microphone for inputting sound information such as speech information, a character

recognition unit for optically reading characters of a document and recognizing them, or a receiver unit for receiving information from another system.

Information generated by other processes in the 5 same apparatus may be used as input information. For example, such input information may be character information and non-character information generated from hand-written information recognized by the hand-written recognition unit, character information and 10 non-character information generated by converting key input information by a kana-kanji conversion unit, or character information and non-character information generated from speech information recognized by the speech recognition unit.

15 Information generated by other processes in the same apparatus may be used as input information. For example, such input information may be an external state acquired by other processes or other apparatus, an internal state acquired by internal processes, or 20 past state information already stored.

An input analysis unit 21 refers to knowledge in a knowledge database 22 to form a concept instance corresponding to information input from the input unit 1. A plurality of concept instances generated from 25 input information are collectively analyzed to form a unified concept instance. The details thereof will be later described.

In accordance with the concept instance analyzed by the input analysis unit 21, a process determination unit 23 plans a method for achieving the object, determines a process, and executes it.

5   A state storage unit 24 stores current state information as the past state in response to an instruction from the process determination unit 23. In response to an instruction from the process determination unit 23, an internal process instruction 10   unit 25 and an external process instruction unit 26 instruct an execution of an internal process and an external process, respectively.

The output unit 3 outputs data in accordance with a series of processes described above. For example, 15   the output unit 3 may be a speech synthesizing unit for changing character information into speech and outputting it, a display unit such as a CRT and a liquid crystal display unit, a printer for printing characters on a paper sheet, or a transmitter unit such 20   as a database for transmitting information to another apparatus. An output of the output unit 3 may be used as an input for another process of the same apparatus. Two or more of these units may be selectively used.

Fig. 3 is a flow chart illustrating the whole 25   process of the information processing apparatus of the embodiment.

As the information processing apparatus of the

embodiment is activated, an input is detected in an input detection process at Step S301. At next Step S302 it is checked whether there is an input to be processed. If not, the flow returns to Step S301 to repeat the process.

If it is judged at Step S302 that there is an input, the flow advances to Step S303 whereat it is judged whether the detected input information is to be subjected to an input analysis process.

If it is judged at Step S303 that the input information is to be subjected to the input analysis process, the flow advances to Step S304 whereat the input analysis process is executed to form concept instances from various input information. The concept instance will be later described.

In the next process determination process at Step S305, the concept instance is referred to determine a process to be executed.

In the next execution instruction process at Step S306, in order to execute the determined process, proper instructions are supplied to various process units.

If it is judged at Step S303 that the input is not to be analyzed, the flow advances to Step S309 whereat a corresponding external process is executed.

If it is judged at Step S307 after the execution instruction or the external process that the process

should not be terminated, the flow returns to Step S301 to repeat the above processes.

If it is judged at Step S307 that the process should be terminated, the flow advances to Step S308

5   whereat an end process is executed to terminate the process of the information processing apparatus of the embodiment.

Fig. 4 shows examples of concept instances to be generated and referred to.

10   In the examples shown in Fig. 4, the concept instances are shown which are generated when a natural language sentence "Send c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike" is input from the input unit 1.

As shown in Fig. 4, the concept instance is a

15   collection of a slot type and a corresponding instance. In this embodiment, the concept instance always contains ConceptType as the slot type. An instance corresponding to ConceptType stores a value conforming to the definition of ConceptType to be later described.

20   More specifically, the first constituent "Send" of the input natural language sentence is formed as a concept instance 1 represented by ConceptType = Send, the second constituent "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" is formed as a concept instance 2 represented by

25   ConceptType = File, and the third constituent "Mike" is formed as a concept instance 3 represented by ConceptType = Person.

The concept instances 2 and 3 are related to the instances of "Object" and "To" of the concept instance 1.

The process of forming a concept instance will be later described.

Fig. 5 is a diagram illustrating the definition of a relation between concepts, this definition being used as a standard for the concept instance.

As shown in Fig. 5, a lower level concept instance is formed by detailing and fracturing the upper level concept instance.

The hierarchical relation of concept instances will be described. In order to make it easy to understand, an example easy to understand will be used although this example is not directly related to the description given later.

For example, a concept instance representing "bird" is the lower level concept of "animal" and the upper level concept of "sea-gull". Namely, although it can be said that "bird" is "animal", it cannot always be said that "bird" is "sea-gull".

The definition shown Fig. 5 clearly defines the above relation as data. The definition includes "lower level concept always has slot of upper level concept" and "if upper and lower level concepts have common slot and slot application rule of lower level concept is satisfied, then slot application rule of upper level

concept is always satisfied".

Fig. 6 is a diagram illustrating the definition of concept instances corresponding to a slot ConceptType.

Concept is defined at the root of the concept tree shown in Fig. 6. As shown, all concepts include Concept and lower level concepts than Concept. Therefore, all concepts can be represented by Concept.

The lower level concepts just under Concept define Action, Object, Space, Unittime and the like. Other lower level concepts also define various concepts.

For example, the concepts Get and Send are defined as the lower level concepts of upper level concepts of Trans, Action and Concept in this order.

Figs. 7 to 11 are diagrams illustrating the definitions of concepts, the definitions being used as a standard for the concept instances. The definitions of these concepts are stored as knowledge in the knowledge database.

Each concept defines: a slot type of a slot which the concept can have; an application rule for checking whether the instance can be applied to the slot; and a request rule for requesting a corresponding instance. A difference between the application rule and request rule resides in that although the application rule is used for checking whether the instance can be applied to the slot, the request rule is used for positively searching the instance. Namely, it can be said that

the slot with the defined request rule requests an instance more than other slots.

The concept Concept shown in Fig. 7 has only the ConceptType slot, the instance application rule is defined as a fixed value Concept, and the instance request rule is also defined as a fixed value Concept.

The concept Action shown in Fig. 8 inherits the slot ConceptType of the upper level concept Concept. However, the instance application rule and instance request rule are replaced by a fixed value Action. As described with respect to the definition of ConceptType, Action is a lower level concept of Concept so that the definition of the relation between concepts can be satisfied.

The concept Action also has slots of the slot types Actor, Object, From and To to which the instance application rule and instance request rule are defined. For example, the Actor slot stores only the instance of the concept Person.

The concept Trans shown in Fig. 9 inherits the slots ConceptType, Actor, Object, From and To of the upper level concept Action. In this case, only the ConceptType is replaced by a fixed value Trans, and the other instance application and request rules are inherited.

The concept Get shown in Fig. 10 inherits all the slots of the upper level concept Trans. However,

ConceptType is replaced by Get and the instance of To is the same as that of the Actor slot to thus replace the instance application and request rules.

The concept Send shown in Fig. 11 inherits all the slots of the upper level concept Trans. However, ConceptType is replaced by Send and the instance of From is the same as that of the Actor slot to thus replace the instance application and request rules.

Fig. 12 is a flow chart illustrating the input detection process at Step S301.

In the input detection process of the embodiment, it is checked whether there is any effective input information to be processed by the information processing apparatus.

More specifically, as the input detection process is activated, it is checked at Step S1201 whether there is a hand-written input. If there is a hand-written input, it is checked at next Step S1202 whether the input information is effective. If it is judged that the input information is effective, it is judged as "input present" to thereafter terminate the process.

If it is judged that there is no effective input, it is judged at Step S1203 whether there is a key input, and it is judged at next Step S1204 whether the input information is effective. If it is judged that the input information is effective, it is judged as "input present" to thereafter terminate the process.

If it is judged that there is no effective input, it is judged at Step S1205 whether there is a speech input, and it is judged at next Step S1206 whether the input information is effective. If it is judged that the input information is effective, it is judged as "input present" to thereafter terminate the process.

If it is judged at all judgement Steps that there is no effective input, it is judged as "input absent" to thereafter terminate the process.

Fig. 13 is a flow chart illustrating the input analysis process at Step S304.

In the input analysis process, a concept instance list is generated, the concept instance list storing concept instances generated in accordance with the state at the time when the information is input, the past state, and the input information to be analyzed.

More specifically, as the input analysis process is activated, a concept instance list is generated by a concept instance acquirement process at Step S1301, which list stores concept instances generated in accordance with the state at the time when the information is input and the past state.

In an input information concept instance generation process at next Step S1302, an input information concept instance list is generated which stores concept instances generated from the input information to be analyzed. At next Step S1303 the

input information concept instance list is added to the concept instance list.

In a concept instance list unification process at next Step S1304, by referring to the concept instances stored in the generated concept instance list, associated concept instances are unified to some concept to thereafter terminate the process.

Fig. 14 is a flow chart illustrating the concept instance list acquirement process at Step S1301.

In the concept instance list acquirement process of this embodiment, the concept instance list is generated which stores concept instances generated in accordance with the state at the time when the information is input and the past state.

Specifically, as the concept instance list acquirement process is activated, at Step S1401 the concept instance list is initialized to make it empty.

In an external state acquirement process at next Step S1402, an external application and an external apparatus state are acquired. The external application can execute a process independently from another application although they run on the same information processing apparatus, and can perform a limited communication by utilizing services of OS or the like. For example, word processor software of A company and spreadsheet software of B company cannot be said as the same application although they run on the same PC.

Although a function such as cut-and-paste can be
realized by utilizing services of OS, a communication
is limited.

If it is judged at next Step S1403 that
5   acquirement succeeds, a concept instance corresponding
to the acquired external state is generated by an
external state concept instance generation process at
Step S1404. At next Step S1405 the concept instance is
added to the concept instance list. For example, if
10 the external application displays a list of files, a
concept instance Screen having a concept instance File
indicating a selected file is generated. If an
external application displays a screen indicating a
print option, a concept instance Screen having a
15 concept instance Print is generated. If a document is
set to a scanner which is an example of the external
apparatus, a concept instance Document is generated.

In an internal state acquirement process at next
Step S1406, an internal state is acquired. The
20 internal state is a state while an application function
described above is realized in the information
processing apparatus. Obviously, it is expected that
detailed information may be acquired from an external.

If it is judged at next Step S1407 that
25 acquirement succeeded, a concept instance corresponding
to the acquired internal state is generated by an
internal state concept instance generation process at

Step S1408. At next Step S1409 the concept instance is added to the concept instance list.

In a past state acquirement process at next Step S1410, a past state is acquired. The past state is a state previously stored in the state storage unit 24 shown in Fig. 2 and acquired therefrom. For example, if a speech input "Send to Mike" is input after the file name is designated by a key input, the file name previously input is acquired as the past state.

If it is judged at next Step S1411 that acquirement succeeded, a concept instance corresponding to the acquired past state is generated by a past state concept instance generation process at Step S1412. At next Step S1413 the concept instance is added to the concept instance list.

Fig. 15 is a flow chart illustrating the input information concept instance generation process at Step S1302.

In the input information concept instance generation process, the input information concept instance list is generated which stores concept instances generated from input information to be analyzed.

Specifically, as the input information concept instance generation process is activated, in an input conversion process at Step S1501 the analysis object input information is converted into process object

information which can be processed. For example, if the information stored in the knowledge database which is referred to by a knowledge database retrieval process to be described later, is constituted of an input character string and information necessary for generating a concept instance, the information input in the format different from a character string is converted into a character string capable of being retrieved. Namely, as shown in Fig. 2, if hand-written information is input, this information is converted into a character string by the hand-written character recognition process, if key information is input, this information is converted into a character string by a kana-kanji conversion process, and if speech information is input, this information is converted into a character string by the speech recognition process.

At next Step S1502 a request list to be referred to by a process to be described later and the input concept instance list are initialized to make them empty.

At next Step S1503 it is checked whether there is process object information. If not, the process is terminated. For example, if the process object information is not present at first, if processed process object information is deleted in the process to be later described, or if the process object

information disappears, then the process is terminated.

If it is judged at Step S1503 that the process object information is present, then in a knowledge database retrieval process at next Step S1504, the knowledge database is searched by using the process object information to thereby acquire information necessary for generating the concept instance.

If it is judged at next Step S1505 that the retrieval failed, at Step S1506 ConceptType is changed to a definition value Concept. This is because in the information processing apparatus of the embodiment, it is assumed that all events in the world can be represented by the concept Concept and its lower level concepts. Namely, it means that even if the concept corresponding to the input information is not present in the knowledge database, it can be represented by the concept Concept.

At next Step S1507, of the information necessary for generating the concept instance acquired by the knowledge database retrieval process, ConceptType is referred to and an empty concept instance is generated by using the concept designated by ConceptType. For example, if the concept Send is retrieved by the knowledge database retrieval process, an empty concept instance of the concept Send is generated. If no concept is retrieved, an empty concept instance of the concept Concept is generated.

At next Step S1508, the generated empty concept instance is added to the input concept instance list.

In a request information generation process at next Step S1509, request information is generated by using a concept instance request rule contained in the information necessary for generating the concept instance acquired by the knowledge database retrieval process and by using an instance request rule defined by the concept designated by ConceptType. This request information is referred to by a request respondence process to be described later to store an initial value in the generated empty concept instance, to unify it with another concept instance stored in the input information concept instance list, and to execute other processes.

At next Step S1510 the generated request information is added to a request information list.

In a request respondence process at next Step S1511, the request information stored in the request information list is referred to, to store an initial value in the generated empty concept instance, to unify it with another concept instance stored in the input information concept instance list, and to execute other processes.

At next Step S1512, the processed information is deleted from the process object information to thereafter return to Step S1503 whereat it is checked

whether process object information is still present. If present, the above processes are repeated.

Fig. 16 shows the knowledge database to be retrieved in the knowledge database retrieval process at Step S1504 in the input information concept instance generation process shown in Fig. 15.

As will be later described with reference to Figs. 17 and 19, the knowledge database 22 stores information of a combination of an input character string and information necessary for generating the concept instance.

Fig. 17 is a diagram showing information of a combination of an input character string "send" and information necessary for generating the concept instance, both being stored in the knowledge database shown in Fig. 16.

The information of a combination of an input character string and information necessary for generating the concept instance, both being stored in the knowledge database 22, includes: a surface layer character string corresponding to the input character string; ConceptType; and a concept instance request rule and a surface layer request rule to be used for generating the concept instance.

ConceptType contained in the information stored in the knowledge database is the same as ConceptType designated by the definition of the concept already

described with reference to Figs. 4 to 11, and is determined by the result of the knowledge database retrieval process.

The concept instance request rule contained in the information stored in the knowledge database corresponds to the concept instance request rule generated from the instance request rule designated by the definition of the concept already described with reference to Figs. 7 to 11. In the request information generation process to be later described, the request information is generated by using the instance request rule designated by the definition of the concept and the concept instance request rule contained in the information retrieved from the knowledge database.

The surface layer request rule contained in the information stored in the knowledge database is information basing upon a surface layer rule such as grammar and being independent from the meaning of each instance. In order to analyze input information not only from the concept corresponding to the meaning of an instance but also from the behavior of the input information on the surface layer, the surface layer request rule is referred to, to generate the request information by the request information generation process to be described later.

The example of "send" shown in Fig. 17 has a surface layer character string "send" and ConceptType =

Send.   Although the concept instance request rule has
by chance quite the same value as the concept instance
request rule generated from the definition of the
concept Send shown in Fig. 11, a concept instance
5   request rule which further limits the definition of the
concept may be used depending upon each instance.   Also
in this case, it is necessary to always satisfy the
instance application rule in the definition of the
concept.   If not satisfied, the input information is
10   analyzed as having a different concept.

The surface layer request rule has also a request
for stipulating the word order and a request for a
grammar rule which indicates the behavior on the
surface layer.   Specifically, it is requested that the
15   concept instance stored in a slot Object is positioned
next to "send", then "to" is positioned, and then the
concept instance stored in a slot To is positioned.   It
is also requested that the concept instance stored in
the slot T is positioned next to "send", and then the
20   concept instance stored in the slot Object.   It is also
requested that "to" is positioned next to "send", and
then the concept instance stored in the slot To is
positioned.   It is also requested to abide by the
"verb" rule of the English grammar and by the "present
25   tense" rule of the English grammar.

Fig. 18 is a diagram illustrating the definition
of the concept Person, the definition being used as the

standard of the concept instance. Similar to each concept shown in Figs. 7 to 11, the concept Person defines a slot type of a slot the concept can have, an application rule used for checking whether an instance

5   can be applied to the slot, and a request rule used for requesting a corresponding instance.

The concept Person inherits the slot of ConceptType of the upper level concept. The instance application rule and instance request rule are replaced

10   by a fixed value Person. The concept Person also has slots of slot types FirstName, MiddleName, LastName, Sex, Age, and BelongsTo to which the instance application and request rules are defined. For example, it means that only the instance of a character

15   string is stored in the slot FirstName.

Fig. 19 is a diagram showing information of a combination of an input character string "mike" and information necessary for generating the concept instance, both being stored in the knowledge database

20   shown in Fig. 16. Similar to the information stored in the knowledge database shown in Fig. 17, the information of "mike" includes a surface layer character string, ConceptType, a concept instance request rule, and a surface layer request rule.

25   The example of "mike" shown in Fig. 19 has a surface layer character string "mike" and ConceptType = Person. The concept instance request rule has a value

different from the concept instance request rule generated from the definition of the concept Person shown in Fig. 18. Specifically, the definition of the concept Person shown in Fig. 18 stipulates only that

5 FirstName is a character string, and the concept instance request rule of "mike" requests to store "mike". Further, although the definition of the concept Person stipulates only that Sex is either "male" or "female", the concept instance request rule

10 of "mike" requests to store "male". Obviously, each satisfies the instance application rule in the definition of the concept Person. Namely, "mike" satisfies the instance application rule of the character string, and "male" satisfies the instance

15 application rule of either "male" or "female".

The surface layer request rule has also a request for stipulating the word order and a request for a grammar rule which indicates the behavior on the surface layer. Specifically, it is requested that the

20 concept instance stored in a slot MiddleName is positioned next to "mike", and then the concept instance stored in a slot LastName is positioned. It is also requested that the concept instance stored in a slot Sex or Age or BelongsTo is positioned next to

25 "mike". It is also requested to abide by the "noun" rule of the English grammar.

Fig. 20 is a flow chart illustrating the knowledge

database retrieval process at Step S1504. In the

knowledge database retrieval process, information

having the surface layer character string coincident

with a head portion of the process object information

5   is retrieved from the knowledge database to thereby

acquire information necessary for generating a concept

instance.

Specifically, as the knowledge database retrieval

process is activated, in a partially coincident

10   information retrieval process at Step S2001,

information having the surface layer character string

coincident with a head portion of the process object

information is retrieved from the knowledge database.

For example, if the process object character string is

15   "Send c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike", this

string is compared with the surface layer character

string of the information stored in the knowledge

database so that "send" shown in Fig. 17 can be

retrieved. If it is judged at next Step S2002 that the

20   retrieval failed, it is judged as a failure in

retrieval to thereafter terminate the process.

If it is judged at Step S2002 that the retrieval

succeeded, at next Step S2003 ConceptType is acquired,

at next Step S2004 a concept instance request is

25   acquired, and then at next Step S2005 a surface layer

request rule is acquired. It is judged as a success in

retrieval to thereafter terminate the process.

Figs. 21 to 24 are diagrams showing examples of process object information to be initialized and updated by the input information concept instance generation process shown in Fig. 15. The process object information is information to be processed by the concept instance generation process. The input information concept instance generation process generates an input information concept instance by referring to the process object concept instance. This process is repeated until the process object information becomes absent, while a portion of the process object information is deleted for which the input information concept instance was generated.

In the example shown in Fig. 21, in accordance with the input information entered by an operator, the process object information is initialized to "Send to Mile". In the example shown in Fig. 22, processed "Send" is deleted from the process object information to update it to "to Mike". In the example shown in Fig. 23, processed "to" is deleted from the process object information to update it to "Mike". In the example shown in Fig. 24, processed "Mike" is deleted from the process object information to update it to "". There is therefore no process object information to thereby terminate the input information concept instance generation process.

Figs. 25 to 29 are diagrams showing examples of

the input information concept instance list to be
initialized and updated by the input information
concept instance generation process shown in Fig. 15.
The input information concept instance list is a list

5   of concept instances generated in correspondence with
the process object information. The input information
concept instance generation process generates an input
information concept instance by referring to the
process object concept instance, and adds the generated

10   input information concept instance to the input
information concept instance list.

Fig. 25 is a diagram showing a concept instance 1
of ConceptType = Send generated by referring to the
information necessary for generating a concept instance

15   corresponding to the process object information "Send"
searched and acquired by the knowledge database
retrieval process, and an input information concept
instance list related to the concept instance 1.

Fig. 26 is a diagram showing, in addition to the

20   information shown in Fig. 25, a concept instance 2 of
ConceptType = Concept generated by referring to the
information necessary for generating a concept instance
corresponding to the process object information "to"
searched and acquired by the knowledge database

25   retrieval process, and an input information concept
instance list related to the concept instance 2.

Fig. 27 is a diagram showing, in addition to the

information shown in Fig. 26, a concept instance 3 of
ConceptType = Person generated by referring to the
information necessary for generating a concept instance
corresponding to the process object information "Mike"
searched and acquired by the knowledge database
retrieval process, and an input information concept
instance list related to the concept instance 3.

Fig. 28 shows the result that the generated
request information is applied to the information shown
in Fig. 27, wherein an instance "mike" is stored in the
slot type FirstName of the concept instance 3, and an
instance "male" is stored in the slot type Sex.

Fig. 29 shows the result that the generated
request information is applied to the information shown
in Fig. 28, wherein the concept instance 3 is stored in
the slot type To of the concept instance 1, and the
unified concept instances 2 and 3 are deleted from the
input information concept instance list.

Figs. 30 to 33 are diagrams showing examples of a
request list initialized and updated by the input
information concept instance generation process shown
in Fig. 15. The request list is a list which stores
request information representative of the process
contents and is generated in correspondence with the
process object information. The input information
concept instance generation process generates and
applies the request information corresponding to the

generated input information concept instance to thereby unify and develop the input information concept instances in the input information concept instance list.

5   Fig. 30 shows: request information 1 generated by referring to the request rule defined at the concept level; request information 2 generated by referring to the request rule defined at the surface layer level, respectively of the information necessary for

10   generating the concept instance corresponding to the process object information "Send" acquired by the knowledge database retrieval process; and a request list associated with IDs in the input information concept instance list.

15   Fig. 31 shows: request information 3 generated by referring to the request rule defined at the concept level; request information 4 generated by referring to the request rule defined at the surface layer level, respectively of the information necessary for

20   generating the concept instance corresponding to the process object information "Mike" acquired by the knowledge database retrieval process; and a request list associated with IDs in the input information concept instance list.

25   Fig. 32 shows the state that of the request information 3 shown in Fig. 31, the applied ID = 1 request [store "mike" in FirstName] and the applied ID

= 4 request [store "male" in Sex] are updated to [requests satisfied].

Fig. 33 shows the state that of the request information 1 shown in Fig. 30, the applied ID = 4 request [store concept instance of List of <Person> or <Space>] is updated to [request satisfied].

Fig. 34 is a flow chart illustrating the request information generation process at Step S1509. The request information generation process generates request information from the retrieval result by the knowledge database retrieval process, by referring to the acquired concept instance request rule and surface layer request rule and the concept instance request rule represented by ConceptType of the generated concept instance.

Specifically, as the request information generation process is activated, it is checked at Step S3401 whether the knowledge database retrieval process acquired the concept instance request rule. If not, the flow advances to Step S3403.

If it is judged that the concept instance request rule was acquired, in a process of generating request information from the concept instance request rule at Step S3402, request information is generated from the concept instance request rule. For example, if the knowledge database retrieval process acquires the information "send" shown in Fig. 17 corresponding to

the process object information "Send", four concept
instance rules are acquired. In accordance with the
acquired concept instance rules, four pieces of request
information such as the request 1 shown in Fig. 30 are
generated. In this example, the concept instance
request rules themselves correspond to the request
information.

In a process of adding request information in the
concept definition at next Step S3403, in accordance
with the concept instance request rule in the concept
definition designated by ConceptType of the generated
concept instance, only the request information not
duplicate with already existing request information is
added. The reason why only the request information not
duplicate with already existing request information is
added, is as follows. If all of the concept instance
application rules defined by the concept definition and
the request information generated from the concept
instance request rule are added, there is a risk that
the restricted conditions of the information stored in
the knowledge database may become invalid.

For example, if the knowledge database stores
information of "adult" and "child", although both
conform with the concept Person, they have different
age conditions. If the age conditions of "adult" and
"child" restricted by the knowledge database are
replaced by more generous conditions or new age

conditions are added, the conditions initially restricted by the definition of the information in the knowledge database may become invalid.

It is checked at next Step S3404 whether the knowledge database retrieval result acquired the surface layer request rule. It not, the request information generation process is terminated.

If the surface layer request rule is acquired, in a process of generating a request rule from a surface layer request rule at Step S3405, the request rule is generated in accordance with the surface layer request rule to thereafter terminate the request information generation process. For example, if the knowledge database retrieval process acquires the information "send" shown in Fig. 17 corresponding to the process object information "Send", five surface layer request rules are acquired. In accordance with the acquired surface layer request rules, five pieces of request information such as the request 2 shown in Fig. 30 are generated. In this example, the surface layer request rules themselves correspond to the request information.

Fig. 35 is a flow chart illustrating the process of adding request information in the concept definition at Step S3403. In the process of adding request information in the concept definition, request information whose slot type is not duplicate with the input request information, is added to the input

request information in accordance with the concept
instance request rule in the concept definition
designated by ConceptType of the input concept
instance. In this manner, request information in the

5   concept definition can be added without making invalid
the conditions already restricted by the input request
information.

Specifically, as the process of adding request
information in the concept definition is activated at

10   Step S3501, the addition object is initialized to the
head portion of the concept instance request rule in
the concept definition. For example, if ConceptType of
the concept instance is Send, the definition shown in
Fig. 11 is referred to initialize the addition object

15   to the slot type Actor. All addition objects
correspond to all concept instance request rules other
than the slot type ConceptType, and the order thereof
has no significant meaning. Therefore, the term head
portion has no meaning, and the addition object is

20   initialized merely by the head portion Actor other than
the slot type ConceptType shown in Fig. 11.

At next Step S3502 it is checked whether all
addition objects were processed. If processed, the
process of adding request information in the concept

25   definition is terminated.

If it is judged that all addition objects are not
processed, it is checked at next Step S3503 whether

there is a concept instance request rule of the
addition object. If not, the flow advances to Step
S3506.

If there is a concept instance request rule of the
addition object, at next Step S3504 the slot type of
the addition object is compared with the storage
destinations of all request information. If there is
any coincidence, the request information is not added
and the flow advances to Step S3506. In this manner,
it is possible not to make invalid the conditions of
the slot type already restricted by the input request
information.

If there is no storage destination of the request
information which is coincident with the slot type of
the addition object, the request information is added
at Step S3505 in accordance with the concept instance
request rule of the addition object. At next Step
S3506, in order to use the next addition object, the
flow returns to Step S3502 whereat it is checked
whether the process of adding request information in
the concept definition is to be continued or not.

Fig. 36 is a flow chart illustrating the request
respondence process at Step S1511. The request
respondence process stores an initial value in the
input empty concept instance by referring to the
request information in the request information list
generated and stored by the request information

generation process shown in Fig. 34, unifies other concept instances stored in the input information concept instance list already input, and executes other operations.

5   Specifically, as the request respondence process is activated at Step S3601, the applicable request list is initialized to the empty list.   The applicable request list is referred to and updated by the request respondence process, and is a list which stores

10   applicable request information in the input request information list.

In order to judge whether each piece of the request information is applicable or not, it is necessary not only to check whether the application

15   conditions of the request information at the most fundamental concept level are satisfied but also to check whether the application conditions of the request information at the surface layer level such as grammar rules and other states are satisfied and to consider

20   the interaction between request information judged as applicable.   In this manner, it is essential to select only the correctly applicable request information.

In a concept level applicable request information acquirement process at next Step S3602, combinations of

25   applicable concept request information and a corresponding concept instance are acquired and added to the applicable request list, by referring to the

given concept request information in the request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33 and to the given input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29.

5   In a surface layer level applicable request information limitation process at Step S3603, request information is limited only to combinations of applicable request information and a corresponding concept instance, which satisfy the application conditions of the surface layer request information, by

10   referring to the applicable request list acquired by the concept level applicable request information acquirement process, to the given concept request information in the request list such as shown in Figs.

15   30 to 33 and to the given input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29.

In a non-conflict request information limitation process at next Step S3604, request information is limited only to applicable request information without

20   conflict, by referring to the applicable request list and considering the interaction between applied request information.

If it is judged at next Step S3605 that there is no request information in the applicable request list,

25   the request respondence process is terminated. Namely, if there is no applicable request information, the request respondence process is terminated.

If it is judged that there is request information in the applicable request list, in a request information application process at next Step S3606 the request information in the applicable request list is

5 applied and the flow returns to Step S3601 to repeat the above processes. For example, an initial value is stored in an input empty concept instance, other concept instances stored in the given input information concept instance list are unified, unnecessary concept

10 instances are deleted from the input information concept instance list, the applicable request information is applied, the request list is updated, and other operations are performed.

Figs. 37 and 38 are diagrams showing examples of

15 the applicable request list acquired by the concept level applicable request information acquirement process at Step S3602. The applicable request list is a list which stores combinations of applicable concept request information and a corresponding concept

20 instance, among the request information stored in the request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33. Specifically, the applicable request list has information of each combination of applicable request information, original request information in the

25 request list, its ID, and an applicable object instance.

With this information, contradiction of the

interaction between request information described in the request respondence process shown in Fig. 36 can be avoided. For example, by paying attention to the object instance judged as applicable, it is possible to

5 judge that the request information having the same instance is not established at the same time because of contradiction. This is not applied if the application conditions of the request information allow the same instance.

10 Stored in the example shown in Fig. 37 is a combination of the request ID = 1 [store concept instance of List of <Person> in Actor] of the request information 1 shown in Fig. 30 and stored as the applicable request information ID = 1, and the concept

15 instance 3 shown in Fig. 27 as the object instance judged as applicable to the application conditions [concept instance of List of <Person>].

The applicable request information ID = 2 and applicable request information ID = 3 are similar to

20 the applicable request information ID = 1. In the case of the applicable request information ID = 4, the request ID = 1 [store "mike" in FirstName] of the request information 3 shown in Fig. 31 has no application conditions. Therefore, the request

25 information can be unconditionally applied so that the object instance is indicated by "none". Other applicable request information can be acquired in a

similar manner.

An example shown in Fig. 38 is an applicable request list acquired by referring to the request information already applied and updated by the request information application process at Step S3606. Accordingly, the request information corresponding to the requests ID = 1 and ID = 4 of the request information 3 is not stored in the applicable request list.

Figs. 39 and 40 are diagrams showing examples of the applicable request list limited by the surface layer level applicable information limitation process at Step S3603 in the request respondence process shown in Fig. 36. The limited applicable request list is a list which stored request information satisfying the surface layer request information stored in the request list shown in Figs. 30 to 33 among the applicable request list acquired and shown in Figs. 37 and 38.

Specifically, by paying attention to the concept instance corresponding to the applicable request information stored in the applicable request list, the request information is limited to only the request information which can satisfy the information such as grammar conditions and word order stipulated by the application conditions of the surface layer request information.

An example shown in Fig. 39 will be described

specifically. The applicable request list shown in
Fig. 38 is limited to only one combination of two
pieces of applicable request information ID = 4 and ID
= 9, as the search result of a combination of request
5 information having no concept instance corresponding to
the applicable request information, from the applicable
request list shown in Fig. 37.

An example shown in Fig. 40 will be described
specifically. Similar to the example shown in Fig. 39,
10 a combination of request information having no concept
instance corresponding to the applicable request
information is searched from the applicable request
list shown in Fig. 38. In this case, it is judged that
there is no request information. Then, a combination
15 satisfying the word order in the surface layer request
information stored in the request list shown in Figs.
30 to 33 is searched. As a result, as a combination
satisfying the request information ID - 3 [arrange in
word order of "send", "to" and [To]] of the surface
20 layer request information 2 shown in Fig. 30, a
combination of the concept instance 3 corresponding to
the storage request to To and the applicable request
information ID = 3 can be searched.

Combinations other than the above-described
25 combination do not satisfy the requirements of the word
order in the surface layer request information stored
in the request list shown in Figs. 30 to 33.

Therefore, as shown in Fig. 40, only one combination is stored.

Fig. 41 is a flow chart illustrating the concept level applicable request information acquirement process at Step S3602. The concept level applicable request information acquirement process acquires the request information corresponding to the applicable concept instance, by referring to the input request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33 and to the given input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29. The applicable request information is the request information whose application conditions are unconditional or the request information in which the concept instance satisfying the application conditions stipulated by the request information corresponding to the concept instance stored in the request list is present in the input information concept instance list.

Specifically, as the concept level applicable request information acquirement process is activated at Step S4101, the judgement object 1 is initialized to the head portion of the request list. For example, in the request list shown in Fig. 31, the judgement object is initialized to the request list ID = 1.

At next Step S4102, it is checked whether all judgement objects 1 were processed. If processed, the concept level applicable request information

acquirement process is terminated.

If it is judged that all judgement objects 1 are not processed, then it is checked at next Step S4103 whether there is concept request information. If not,

5 the flow advances to Step S4108, and in order to use the next judgement object 1, the flow returns to Step S4102 whereat it is checked whether the concept level applicable request information acquirement process is to be continued.

10 If there is concept request information of the judgement object 1, then at next Step S4104 the judgement object 2 is initialized to the head portion of corresponding concept request information. For example, in the case of the request list ID = 2 in the

15 request list shown in Fig. 31, the corresponding concept request information is the request information 3 so that the judgement object 2 is initialized to the request information ID = 1.

It is checked at next Step S4105 whether all

20 judgement objects 2 were processed. If processed, the flow advances to Step S4108, and in order to use the next judgement object 1, the flow returns to Steps S4102 whereat it is judged whether the concept level applicable request information acquirement process is

25 to be continued.

If it is judged that all judgement objects 2 are not processed, in a process of adding applicable

request information at next Step S4106, the applicable request information is added to the applicable request list.

At next Step S4107, in order to use the next judgement object 2, the flow returns to Steps S4105 whereat it is judged whether all judgement objects 2 were processed to judge whether the process is to be continued.

Fig. 42 is a flow chart illustrating the applicable request information addition process at Step S4106. The applicable request information addition process adds a combination of applicable request information and a corresponding instance to the applicable request list, by referring to the given input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29 and judging the application conditions of the given request information. For example, if the application conditions of request information are unconditional or if the concept instance satisfying the application conditions is present in the input information concept instance list, then it is judged as applicable and the combination is added to the applicable request list.

Specifically, as the applicable request information addition process is activated at Step S4201, it is judged whether the input request information has the application conditions. If not,

the flow advances to Step S4208 whereat the input request information is added to the applicable request list as applicable request information, to thereafter terminate the applicable request information addition process.

If the request information has the application conditions, the flow advances to next Step S4202 whereat the judgement object is initialized to the head portion of the given input information concept instance list.

At next Step S4203 it is judged whether all judgement objects were processed. If processed, the applicable request information addition process is terminated.

If it is judged that all judgement objects are not processed, it is judged at next Step S4204 whether the concept instance corresponding to the input request information is the same as the concept instance of the judgement object. If it is judged as the same, the flow advances to Step S4207.

If it is judged as not the same, it is judged at next Step S4205 whether the concept instance of the judgement object satisfies the application conditions of the input request information. If it is judged that the application conditions are not satisfied, the flow advances to Step S4207.

If it is judged that the application conditions

are satisfied, a combination of the request information and the concept instance judged as satisfying the application conditions is added to the applicable request list.

At next Step S4207 in order to use the next judgement object, the flow returns to Step S4203 whereat it is checked whether all judgement objects were processed. If processed, the applicable request information addition process is terminated.

Fig. 43 is a flow chart illustrating the surface layer level applicable request information limitation process at Step S3603. The surface layer level applicable request information limitation process limits only to a combination of the applicable request information and a corresponding concept instance which satisfies the application conditions of the surface layer request information, by referring to the applicable request list such as shown in Figs. 37 and 38 and acquired by the concept level applicable request information acquirement process, to the given surface layer request information such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33, and to the given input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29.

Namely, the objective of this process of limiting to the surface layer level applicable request information is to limit to the request information which does not contradict from as judged totally, among

a plurality piece of applicable request information at the concept level. Therefore, first, the request information is limited to only a combination which has no corresponding and contradicting concept instance.

5   If there is no limited request information because of this limitation, second, the request information is limited to only a combination which satisfies the requirements of the designated word order. If there is no limited request information because of this

10   limitation, third, the request information is limited to only a combination which satisfies the requirements of grammar rules. The order of the second and third limitations in this embodiment is not limited, but other limitation methods and orders may also be used.

15   If limitation is not possible by any limitation method, the limitation is not entered. However, since the request information is applicable at least at the concept level, there is a possibility that the meaning of the request information can be understood. This can

20   be reasoned from that if the request information can be understood by the concept, the total meaning thereof can be estimated even if unknown language is used and its word order rules and grammar rules are not known.

        Specifically, as the surface layer level

25   applicable request information limitation process is activated at Step S4301, the limited request list is initialized to an empty list.

In an applicable request information without a corresponding instance limitation process at next Step S4302, a combination without a corresponding concept instance is searched from the applicable request list and added to the limited request list.

It is checked at next Step S4303 whether limitation of the request information succeeded. If succeeded, the flow advances to Step S4308 whereat the limited request list is copied to the applicable request list to thereafter terminate the surface layer level applicable request information limitation process. For example, in the case of the applicable request list shown in Fig. 37, a combination of the request information ID = 4 and ID = 9 having no corresponding concept instance is searched and limitation is performed as shown in Fig. 38.

If the limitation fails, in a surface layer level word order applicable request information limitation process Step S4304, a combination of a concept instance satisfying the word order requirements and a storage destination is searched from the applicable request list and added to the limited request list.

It is checked at next Step S4305 whether the request information limitation succeeded. If succeeded, the flow advances to Step S4308 whereat the limited request list is copied to the applicable request list to thereafter terminate the surface layer

level applicable request information limitation

process. For example, in the case of the applicable

request list shown in Fig. 39, as a combination

satisfying the request information ID = 3 [arrange in

5   word order of "send", "to" and [To]] of the surface

layer request information 2 shown in Fig. 30, a

combination of the concept instance 3 corresponding to

the storage request to To and the applicable request

information ID = 3 can be searched. Combinations other

10   than the above-described combination do not satisfy the

requirements of the word order in the surface layer

request information stored in the request list shown in

Figs. 30 to 33. Therefore, as shown in Fig. 40, only

one combination is stored.

15   If the limitation fails, in a surface layer level

rule applicable request information limitation process

at Step S4306, a combination of a concept instance

satisfying the grammar rules and a storage destination

is searched from the applicable request list and added

20   to the limited request list.

It is checked at next Step S4307 whether the

request information limitation succeeded. If

succeeded, the flow advances to Step S4308 whereat the

limited request list is copied to the applicable

25   request list to thereafter terminate the surface layer

level applicable request information limitation

process.

If the limitation fails, the applicable request list is not changed to thereafter terminate the surface layer level applicable request information limitation process. In this case, the input applicable request list itself is returned.

Fig. 44 is a flow chart illustrating the applicable request information without a corresponding instance limitation process at Step 4302. The applicable request information without a corresponding instance limitation process searches a combination having no corresponding concept instance from the input applicable request list and adds it to the limited request list.

Specifically, as the applicable request information without a corresponding instance limitation process is activated at Step S4401, the judgement object is initialized to the head portion of the input applicable request list. It is checked at next Step S4402 whether all judgement objects were processed. If processed, the flow advances to Step S4406, whereas if not processed, it is judged at next Step S4403 whether there is an instance corresponding to the judgement object. If present, the flow advances to Step S4405, whereas if not present, at next Step S4404 the request information of the judgement object is added to the limited request list.

At next Step S4405, in order to use the next

judgement object, the flow returns to Step S4402 to continue the process. If it is judged at Step S4402 that all judgement objects were processed, then it is judged at Step S4406 whether the request information is stored in the limited request list. If the request information is stored, it is judged as a limitation success, whereas if no request information is stored, it is judged as a limitation failure to thereafter terminate the process.

Fig. 45 is a flow chart illustrating the surface layer level word order applicable request information limitation process at Step S4304. The surface layer level word order applicable request information limitation process searches from the input applicable request list a combination of a corresponding concept instance satisfying the word order requirements in the surface layer request information in the input request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33 and a storage destination, by referring to the input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29, and adds the combination to the limited request list.

Specifically, as the surface layer level word order applicable request information limitation process is activated at Step S4501, the judgement object is initialized to the head portion of the input applicable request list. It is checked at next Step S4502 whether all judgement objects were processed. If processed,

the flow advances to Step S4507, whereas if not processed, in a word order applicability judgement process at next Step S4503 it is judged whether the word order requirements which are satisfied by the

5 combination as the judgement object of the corresponding concept instance and storage destination is present in the surface layer request information in the input request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33, by referring to the input information concept instance

10 list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29.

If it is judged at next Step S4504 that no word order requirement is satisfied, the flow advances to Step S4506. If it is judged that any one of the word order requirements is satisfied, the request

15 information as the judgement object is added to the limited request list at next Step S4505. At next Step S4506, in order to use the next judgement object, the flow returns to Step S4502 to repeat the above processes. If it is judged at Step S4502 that all

20 judgement objects were processed, it is judged at Step S4507 whether request information is stored in the limited request list. If stored, it is judged as a limitation success to thereafter terminate the process, whereas if no request information is stored, it is

25 judged as a limitation failure to thereafter terminate the process.

Fig. 46 is a flow chart illustrating the surface

layer level rule applicable request information limitation process at Step S4306. The surface layer level rule applicable request information limitation process searches from the input applicable request list a combination of a corresponding concept instance satisfying the rule requirements in the surface layer request information in the input request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33 and a storage destination, by referring to the input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29, and adds the combination to the limited request list.

Specifically, as the surface layer level rule applicable request information limitation process is activated at Step S4601, the judgement object is initialized to the head portion of the input applicable request list. It is checked at next Step S4602 whether all judgement objects were processed. If processed, the flow advances to Step S4607, whereas if not processed, in a rule applicability judgement process at next Step S4603 it is judged whether the rule requirements which are satisfied by the combination as the judgement object of the corresponding concept instance and storage destination is present in the surface layer request information in the input request list such as shown in Figs. 30 to 33, by referring to the input information concept instance list such as shown in Figs. 25 to 29.

If it is judged at next Step S4604 that no rule requirement is satisfied, the flow advances to Step S4606. If it is judged that any one of the rule requirements is satisfied, the request information as the judgement object is added to the limited request list at next Step S4605. At next Step S4606, in order to use the next judgement object, the flow returns to Step S4602 to repeat the above processes. If it is judged at Step S4602 that all judgement objects were processed, it is judged at Step S4607 whether request information is stored in the limited request list. If stored, it is judged as a limitation success to thereafter terminate the process, whereas if no request information is stored, it is judged as a limitation failure to thereafter terminate the process.

Fig. 47 is a flow chart illustrating the non-conflict request information limitation process at Step S3604. The non-conflict request information limitation process limits to only applicable request information without conflict, by referring to the applicable request list limited at the concept level and surface layer level by the concept level applicable request information acquirement process and surface layer level applicable request information limitation process and by considering the interaction between applied request information.

Therefore, first, the request information is

limited to only a combination which has no corresponding concept instance and no contradiction. If there is no limited request information because of this limitation, second, the request information is limited to only a combination of the corresponding concept instance having only one piece of the request information. It is therefore possible to avoid contradiction to be caused if the same concept instance satisfies at the same time a plurality piece of request information.

Specifically, as the non-conflict request information limitation process is activated, in an unconditional request information limitation process at Step S4701, the request information is limited only to a combination which has no corresponding concept instance and no contradiction. Because of this limitation, if it is judged at next Step S4702 that the limitation succeeded, the process is terminated.

If it is judged that the limitation failed, it is judged at next Step S4703 whether request information is present in the applicable request list. If not present, it is judged as the limitation failure to thereafter terminate the process, whereas if present, the flow advances to next Step S4704 whereat the concept instance in the head portion of the applicable request list is stored in a comparison instance.

In a conditional request information limitation

process at next Step S4705, it is checked whether only
one piece of the request information combined with the
comparison instance as the corresponding concept
instance is present in the applicable request list, to
5   thereby limit the request information. In this case,
if there is only one piece of the request information
corresponding to the comparison instance, the
applicable request list is updated by using the request
information, whereas if there are a plurality piece of
10 request information, the request information is deleted
from the applicable request list.

Because of this limitation, if it is judged at
next Step S4706 that the limitation succeeded, the
process is terminated. If it is judged that the
15 limitation failed, the flow returns to Step S4703 to
repeat the process by using the applicable request list
from which the request information, with the comparison
instance by which the limitation failed, is deleted.

Fig. 48 is a flow chart illustrating the
20 unconditional request information limitation process at
Step S4701. The unconditional request information
limitation process limits only to the applicable
request information having no corresponding concept
instance, without contradiction and conflict, by
25 referring to the applicable request list limited at the
concept level and surface layer level by the concept
level applicable request information acquirement

process and surface layer level applicable request
information limitation process.

Specifically, as the unconditional request
information limitation process is activated, at Step
S4801 the limited request list is initialized to an
empty list. At next Step S4802, the judgement object
is initialized to the head portion of the input
applicable request list. If it is judged at next Step
S4803 that all judgement objects were processed, the
flow advances to Step S4807 whereat it is checked
whether the request information is present in the
limited request list. If it is judged at Step S4807
that there is request information, the flow advances to
Step S4808 whereat the contents of the limited request
list are copied to the applicable request list, and it
is judged as the limitation success, whereas if there
is no request information, it is judged as the
limitation failure to terminate the process.

If it is judged at Step S4803 that all judgement
objects are not processed, the flow advances to Step
S4804 whereat it is judged whether the request
information as the judgement object has the applicable
instance. If not, the flow advances to Step S4806. At
next Step S4805 the request information as the
judgement object is added to the limited request list.
At next Step S4806, in order to use the next judgement
object, the flow returns to Step S4803 to repeat the

process.

Fig. 49 is a flow chart illustrating the conditional request information limitation process at Step S4705. The conditional request information

5   limitation process limits only to a combination of the corresponding concept instance having only one piece of the request information, by referring to the applicable request list limited at the concept level and surface layer level by the concept level applicable request

10   information acquirement process and surface layer level applicable request information limitation process.

Specifically, as the conditional request information limitation process is activated, at Step S4901 the limited request list is initialized to an

15   empty list. At next Step S4902, the judgement object is initialized to the head portion of the input applicable request list.

If it is judged at next Step S4903 that all judgement objects were processed, the flow advances to

20   Step S4908 whereat it is checked whether there is only one piece of the request information stored in the limited request list. If it is judged at Step S4908 that there is only one piece of the request information, the flow advances to Step S4909 whereat

25   the contents of the limited request list are copied to the applicable request list, and it is judged as the limitation success, whereas if there is no request

information, it is judged as the limitation failure to terminate the process.

If it is judged at Step S4903 that all judgement objects are not processed, the flow advances to Step S4904 whereat it is judged whether the application object instance of the request information as the judgement object is the same as the input comparison instance. If not, the flow advances to Step S4907. At next Step S4905 the request information as the judgement object is added to the limited request list. At next Step S4906, the request information as the judgement object is deleted from the applicable request list. At Step S4907, in order to use the next judgement object, the flow returns to Step S4903 to repeat the process.

Fig. 50 is a flow chart illustrating the request information application process at Step S3606. The request information application process applies the request information, by referring to the applicable request list not conflicted and limited at the concept and surface layer levels by the concept level applicable request information acquirement process, surface layer level applicable request information limitation process and non-conflict request information limitation process.

For example, an initial value is stored in an input empty concept instance, other concept instances

stored in the given input information concept instance list are unified, unnecessary concept instances are deleted from the input information concept instance list, the applicable request information is applied,

5 the request list is updated, and other operations are performed.

Specifically, as the request information application process is activated, at Step S5001, the application object is initialized to the head portion

10 of the input applicable request list. If it is judged at next Step S5002 that all application objects were processed, the process is terminated. At next Step S5003 the request information as the application object is actually applied. For example, as the request

15 information ID = 1 in the applicable request list shown in Fig. 38 is applied, the concept instance 3 shown in Fig. 27 has a value "mike" in the slot type FirstName shown in Fig. 28.

At next Step S5004 the request information

20 designated by the original request information ID of the applied application object is updated to "request is satisfied". For example, as the request information is applied, the request information ID = 3 of the request 3 shown in Fig. 31 is updated to "request is

25 satisfied" as shown in Fig. 32. It is checked at next Step S5005 whether the applied application object has a corresponding instance. If not, the flow advances to

Step S5007.

At next Step S5006, the corresponding instance of the applied application object and the instance combined by the surface layer level applicable request information limitation process are deleted from the input information concept instance list.

For example, as the request information ID = 1 of the applicable request list shown in Fig. 40 is applied, the concept instance 1 shown in Fig. 25 has the concept instance 3 in the slot type To shown in Fig. 29, the request information is updated to "request is satisfied" as shown in Fig. 33, and the concept instance 3 and the concept instance 2 combined by the surface layer level applicable request information limitation process shown in Fig. 32 are deleted from the input information concept instance list shown in Fig. 32, to thereby have the results shown in Fig. 33. At next Step S5007, in order to use the next application object, the flow returns to Step S5002 to repeat the process.

Fig. 51 is diagram illustrating the state that an operator selects a file in a file selection window of the information processing apparatus and instructs a process through speech.

In this example, the operator selects a file June1998.doc in the directory Report under the directory MyDoc in the drive C by operating upon the

file selection window of the information processing
apparatus. The operator then instructs a process
through speech "Send to Mike". The details of the
sequences thereof will be given.

5   Figs. 52 to 54 show examples of the concept
instance list to be initialized and updated by the
input analysis process shown in Fig. 13. The concept
instance list is a list of concept instances generated
in response to an input such as a speech input

10   illustrated in Fig. 51 and a hand-written input or in
accordance with the state of screen information
presently displayed, internal information under
operation, external information detected with a camera,
a sensor or the like .

15   The input analysis process refers to such states
to acquire concept instances, adds concept instances
generated by referring to the input to the acquired
concept instances, generates request information
corresponding to the generated concept instances, and

20   applies the request instance to thereby unify and
develop the concept instances in the concept instance
list.

        The example shown in Fig. 52 shows a concept
instance 1 of ConceptType = File generated by the

25   concept instance list acquirement process from the
information of the file selection window shown in Fig.
51, and a concept instance list associated with the

concept instance 1.

The example shown in Fig. 53 shows a concept instance 2 of ConceptType = Send generated by the input information concept instance generation process from the speech input information "Sent to Mike" shown in Fig. 51, a concept instance 4 of ConceptType = Person associated with the slot To of the concept instance 2, and a concept instance list associated with the concept instances 1 and 2 shown in Fig. 52.

The example shown in Fig. 54 shows a concept instance list which was unified by the concept instance list unification process by referring to the concept instance list shown in Fig. 53. The concept instance 1 is related to the slot Object of the concept instance 2 and deleted from this concept instance list.

Fig. 55 is a diagram defining a concept File which is used as the standard for the concept instance to be generated and referred to in this embodiment. Similar to each concept shown in Figs. 7 to 11 and Fig. 18, the concept File has a defined slot type which the concept can have, a defined application rule to be used for checking whether the instance can be applied to the slot; and a defined request rule for requesting a corresponding instance.

The concept File inherits ConceptType of the upper level concept, and the instance application rule and instance request rule are replaced by a fixed value

File.   The concept File also has a slot of the slot type Name.   The concept File has a defined instance application rule and a defined instance request rule which indicates that the Name slot can store only a

5   character string instance.

Fig. 56 shows an example of the request list to be initialized and updated by the concept instance list unification process at Step S1304 to be detailed with reference to Fig. 57.   The request list to be

10   initialized and updated by the concept instance list unification process is a list which stores request information representative of the process contents for each of the concept instances stored in the concept instance list before unification.

15   The concept instance list unification process refers to the concept instance list before unification, and generates request information corresponding to the stored concept instance, applies it to thereby unify and develop the concept instances in the concept

20   instance list.

The example shown in Fig. 56 is the request list generated by referring to and processing the concept instance list before unification shown in Fig. 53.

Specifically, first, by referring to the concept

25   instance 1 stored in the head portion of the concept instance list, the request information is generated basing upon ConceptType.   Thereafter, by referring to

the definition of the concept File shown in Fig. 55,
the request information corresponding to the slot type
Name is generated. However, in this case, since the
concept instance 1 itself already has a value, the

5   request information is not generated.

Next, by referring to the stored concept instance
2, the request information corresponding to ConceptType
= Send is generated. In this case, since the value of
the slot type To is already present, request

10   information corresponding to the slot types Actor,
Object and From is generated which is shown in Fig. 56.

Fig. 57 is a flow chart illustrating the concept
instance list unification process at Step S1304. The
concept instance list unification process unifies and

15   develops concept instances in the concept instance
list, by generating corresponding request information
and applying it and by referring to the concept
instance list acquired by the concept instance list
acquirement process and generated and added by the

20   input information concept instance generation process.

Specifically, as the concept instance list
unification process is activated, at Step S5701 the
request list is initialized to an empty list, and at
next Step S5702 the process object is initialized to

25   the head portion of the input concept instance list.
If it is judged at next Step S5703 that all process
objects were processed, the process is terminated. In

a process of generating request information from the concept instance at Step S5704 the concept definition designated by the ConceptType of the concept instance as the process object is referred to generate the

5 request information of all slot types whose concept instances have no value.

At next Step S5705 the generated request information is added to the request list. In a request respondence process at next Step S5706, the request

10 information stored in the request list is referred to unify other concept instances stored in the concept instance list and perform other operations. Thereafter, the flow returns to Step S5703 to repeat the process.

15 Fig. 58 is a flow chart illustrating the process of generating request information from the concept instance at Step S5704. The process of generating request information from the concept instance adds only the request information of the slot type whose input

20 concept instance has no value, by referring to the concept instance request rule of the concept definition designated by ConceptType of the input concept instance. Without replacing the slot already having a value, it is therefore possible that the slot having no

25 value acquires a value so that the request information can be generated.

Specifically, as the process of generating request

information from the concept instance is activated, at Step S5801 the request information is initialized, and at next Step S5802 the addition object is initialized to the head portion of the concept instance request rule of the concept definition. For example, if ConceptType of the concept instance is Send, the definition shown in Fig. 11 is referred to initialize the addition object to the slot type Actor. All addition objects correspond to all concept instance request rules other than the slot type ConceptType, and the order thereof has no significant meaning. Therefore, the term head portion has no meaning, and the addition object is initialized merely by the head portion Actor other than the slot type ConceptType shown in Fig. 11.

At next Step S5803 it is checked whether all addition objects were processed. If processed, the process is terminated. If it is judged that all addition objects are not processed, it is checked at next Step S5804 whether there is the concept instance request rule of the addition object. If not, the flow advances to Step S5807.

If there is a concept instance request rule of the addition object, at next Step S5805 it is checked whether the slot of the input concept instance corresponding to the slot type of the addition object has a value. If it has a value, the flow advances to

Step S5807. With this judgement Step, it is possible to avoid replacing the slot whose concept instance has already a value. If the corresponding slot has no value, at next Step S5806 the request information is added basing upon the concept instance request rule of the addition object.

At next Step S5807, in order to use the next addition object, the flow returns to Step S5803 to repeat the process.

[Specific Example]

The sequential operations to be executed when an operator inputs key information "Send c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike" with the keyboard, will be described in detail.

Fig. 59 is a diagram illustrating the state that an operator inputs key information "Send c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike" with the keyboard.

Information input by an operator is detected by the input detection process at Step S301 shown in Fig. 3. It is therefore judged at Step S302 that there is an input. At next Step S303 it is judged whether the detected input information is the information to be analyzed by the input analysis process which is the main component of the invention.

In this case, since the input is natural language information, it is judged that the input is the

information to be analyzed by the input analysis process, and the key input information is analyzed by the input analysis process at Step S304.

In this case, there is no external and internal

5   states and past state to be taken into consideration. Therefore, the concept instance list acquirement process at Step S1301 of the input analysis process shown in Fig. 13 acquires no information and the concept instance list generated by the input

10   information concept instance generation process at next Step S1302 is used as it is.

Specifically, in the input information concept instance generation process shown in Fig. 15, the input conversion process at Step S1501 converts the input key

15   information into the data format capable of being analyzed. In this case, the input key information is converted from key codes into character information capable of being processed, and when necessary converted into a kana-kanji mixed character string by

20   the kana-kanji conversion process.

At next Step S1502 the process object information is initialized to the input and converted information "Send c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike". Since the process object information is not present, the process

25   is executed at next Step S1503.

The knowledge database retrieval process at next Step S1504 searches the head portion of the process

object information so that information of "send" shown in Fig. 17 is retrieved from the knowledge database shown in Fig. 16. It is judged as the retrieval success at next Step S1505. At next Step S1507 by referring to the retrieved result ConceptType, an empty concept instance is generated by using the designated concept Send, and added at next Step S1508 to the input information concept instance list.

In the request information generation process at next Step S1509, the request information is generated in accordance with the request rule (Fig. 17) of the retrieved result and the instance request rule (Fig. 11) defined by the concept Send designated by ConceptType of the retrieval result. Since the retrieval result contains the request rules of all slots, only the request information corresponding to the request rule of the retrieval result is generated as shown in Fig. 30 without being replaced by the request rule of the concept definition. The generated request information is added to the request information list at next Step S1510.

In the request respondence process at next Step S1511, by referring to the request information stored in the request information list, a process corresponding only to the applicable request information not conflicting with other request information is executed. However, since there is no

applicable request information, no process is executed, and the presently processed information "Send" is deleted from the process object information at Step S1512 to thereafter return to Step S1503.

Since the second process object information exists as "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike", the process continues.

The knowledge database retrieval process at next Step S1504 searches the head portion of the process object information and recognizes that "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc to Mike" is a description format of the File name. It is therefore judged as the retrieval success at next Step S1505, At next Step S1507 an empty concept instance is generated by using the concept File designated by the retrieval result, and added to the input information concept instance list at next Step S1508.

In the request information generation process at next Step S1509, the request information is generated in accordance with the request rule of the retrieval result and the instance request rule (Fig. 54) defined by the concept File designated by ConceptType of the retrieval result. Therefore, only the request information [store character string "c:\MyDoc\Report\ June1998.doc" in slot Name] is generated and added to the request information list at next Step S1510.

In the request respondence process at next Step

S1511, by referring to the request information stored in the request information list, a process corresponding only to the applicable request information not conflicting with other request information is executed. Since the applicable request information was found, in accordance with this request information, the character string is stored in the slot Name of the generated concept instance. At next Step S1512, the presently processed information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" is deleted from the process object information to thereafter return to Step S1503.

Since the third process object information exists as "to Mike", the process continues. The knowledge database retrieval process at next Step S1504 searches the head portion of the process object information and recognizes that there is no information corresponding to the process object information. Therefore, at Step S1506 ConceptType of the process object information "to" is set as the concept Concept of ConceptType. At next Step S1507 an empty concept instance is generated by using the concept Concept and added to the input information concept instance list at next Step S1508.

In the request information generation process at next Step S1509, although the request information is generated in accordance with the instance request rule (Fig. 7) defined by the concept Concept designated by

ConceptType, the request information to be generated is not defined so that no information is added to the request list.

In the request respondence process at next Step S1511, by referring to the request list stored in the request information list, a process corresponding only to the applicable request information not conflicting with other request information is executed. However, since there is no applicable request information, no process is executed, and the presently processed information "to" is deleted from the process object information at Step S1512 to thereafter return to Step S1503.

Since the fourth process object information exists as "Mike", the process continues. The knowledge database retrieval process at next Step S1504 searches the head portion of the process object information and retrieves the information of "mike" shown in Fig. 19 from the knowledge database shown in Fig. 16. Therefore, it is judged as the retrieval success at next Step S1505. At next Step S1507 by referring to ConceptType of the retrieval result, an empty concept instance is generated by using the concept Person designated by ConceptType and added to the input information concept instance list at next Step S1508.

In the request information generation process at next Step S1509, the request information is generated

in accordance with the request rule of the retrieved
result and the instance request rule (Fig. 18) defined
by the concept Person designated by ConceptType of the
retrieval result. Since the retrieval result contains

5   the request rules of all slots, only the request
information corresponding to the request rule of the
retrieval result is generated as shown in Fig. 31
without being replaced by the request rule of the
concept definition. The generated request information

10   is added to the request information list at next Step
S1510.

In the request respondence process at next Step
S1511, by referring to the request information stored
in the request information list, a process

15   corresponding to only the applicable request
information not conflicting with other request
information is executed.

Specifically, in the request respondence process
shown in Fig. 36, first at Step S3601, the applicable

20   request list is initialized to an empty list. In the
concept level request information acquirement process
at next Step S3602, by referring only to the request
information at the concept level, all applicable
request information is added to the applicable request

25   information list. In the surface layer level request
information limitation process at next Step S3603, by
referring to the request information at the surface

layer level at a plurality of stages, the applicable
request information list is limited only to applicable
request information.

At the first stage, the request information is
limited only to the request information having no risk
of conflict between a plurality piece of request
information and having no concept instance which
becomes a request information object. Therefore, the
request information is limited only to the request
information having no corresponding concept instance
such as shown in Fig. 38.

In the non-conflict request information limitation
process at next Step S3604, the request information is
limited only to the request information not conflicting
with other request information. However, as described
above, the request information is limited to only the
request information not conflicting at the stage of the
surface layer level request information limitation
process. Therefore, the request information shown in
Fig. 38 is used as it is. It is therefore judged at
next Step S3605 that there is request information. In
the request information application process at next
Step S3606, the request information is applied.
Therefore, values are stored in the slots FirstName and
Sex as shown in Fig. 28 and the applied request
information is updated as "request is satisfied" as
shown in Fig. 32. Thereafter, the flow returns to Step

S3601 to continue the process.

Similarly, in the second loop, at Step S3601 the applicable request list is initialized to an empty list. In the concept level request information acquirement process at next Step S3602, by referring only to the request information at the concept level other than the "request is satisfied" concept level, all applicable request information is added to the applicable request information list. In the surface layer level request information limitation process at next Step S3603, by referring to the request information at the surface layer level at a plurality of stages, the applicable request information list is limited only to applicable request information.

Since the request information is applied at the first stage in the previous loop, there is no request information having no concept instance which becomes a request information object. Therefore, at the second stage, the request information is limited only to the request information satisfying the word order rule among the request information at the surface layer level. The request information is therefore limited only to the applicable request information which satisfies the request information ID = 1 ["send" {Object} "to {To}] of the request 2 shown in Fig. 30.

Specifically, the applicable request information is limited to the request information satisfying [store

concept instance of concept File generated in correspondence with process object information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" in slot Object] and [store concept instance of concept Person generated in correspondence with process object information "Mike" in slot To].

In the non-conflict request information limitation process at next Step S3604, the request information is limited only to the request information not conflicting with other request information. However, as described above, the request information stored in the applicable request information list is combined with a different concept instance. It is therefore judged that the request information does not conflict, and so the request information is not changed. It is therefore judged at next Step S3605 that there is request information. In the request information application process at next Step S3606, the request information is applied.

Therefore, corresponding instances are stored in the slots Object and To, and the stored concept instances and concept instances related to the request information are deleted from the input information concept instance list. Namely, deleted from the input information concept instance list are the concept instances stored in the concepts File and Person, and the concept instances corresponding to "to" associated

with application of the request information at the word
order level. Therefore, only the concept instance of
the concept Send is left at this time in the concept
instance list. The applied request information is

5   updated to "request is satisfied", to thereafter return
to Step S3601 and continue the process.

     Similarly, in the third loop, at Step S3601 the
applicable request list is initialized to an empty
list. In the concept level request information

10   acquirement process at next Step S3602, by referring
only to the request information at the concept level
other than the "request is satisfied" concept level,
all applicable request information is added to the
applicable request information list. However, at this

15   time, the input information instance list contains only
the concept instance of the concept Send so that the
applicable request information list remains empty. It
is therefore judged at Step S3605 that there is no
request information so that the request respondence

20   application is terminated and the flow returns to Step
S1503.

     Since the fifth process object information does
not exist, the concept instance generation process is
terminated. At next Step S1303, the generated concept

25   instance of the concept Send is added to the concept
instance list. In the concept instance list
unification process at next Step S1304, a plurality of

concept instances stored in the concept instance list are unified by considering a relation between the concept instances. However, in this example, there is only one concept instance, the unification process is not executed and the input analysis process is terminated.

In the process determination process at next Step 305, a process to be executed is determined by referring to the concept instance list. In this example, ConceptType of the concept instance stored in the concept instance list is Send so that a Send process is determined. In the execution instruction process at next Step S306, an internal process, an external process in the apparatus, or a process in an external apparatus is instructed. Specifically, depending upon the values in the slots Object and To of the concept instances, a method of instructing a process changes as to which method is used, whether the actual process is executed immediately after the instruction or after a predetermined time lapse, or the like.

If it is judged at next Step S307 that the instruction does not indicate an end, the flow returns to Step S301 to prepare for a new input or the like. If it is judged at Step S307 that the instruction indicates an end, the flow advances to an end process at Step S308 to execute an actual termination process.

[Second Embodiment]

In this embodiment, a method of collectively understanding and processing information input from a plurality of input units by correlating the plurality piece of information, will be described specifically.

Fig. 60 is a flow chart illustrating the input detection process at Step S301 shown in Fig. 3. The different point from the flow chart shown in Fig. 12 is that information input from a plurality of input units can be processed.

The input detection process of this embodiment checks inputs from a plurality of input units, and stores the input information in an input information storage table shown in Fig. 63 to detect whether there is any piece of effective information to be processed by the information processing apparatus.

Specifically, as the input detection process is activated, at Step S6001 the input information storage table is initialized to empty values.

At next Step S6002 it is checked whether effective hand-written information is input. If input, the flow advances to Step S6003 whereat the input hand-written information is stored in the input information storage table.

At next Step S6004 it is checked whether effective key information is input. If input, the flow advances to Step S6005 whereat the input key information is

stored in the input information storage table.

At next Step S6006 it is checked whether effective speech information is input. If input, the flow advances to Step S6007 whereat the input speech information is stored in the input information storage table.

At next Step S6008 it is checked whether input information is stored at any of Steps S6003, 6005 and 6007 in the input information storage table. If there is an effective input, it is judged as "input present" to thereafter terminate the process, whereas if there is no effective input, it is judged as "input absent" to thereafter terminate the process.

Fig. 61 is a flow chart illustrating the input analysis process at Step S304. The different point from the flow chart shown in Fig. 13 is that information input from a plurality of input units can be processed.

The input analysis process of this embodiment generates a concept instance list which stores concept instances generated in accordance with the state at the input time, the past state, and input information to be analyzed.

Specifically, as the input analysis process is activated, in the concept instant list acquirement process at Step S6101, a concept instance list is generated which stores concept instances generated in

accordance with the state at the input time and the
past state.

At next Step S6102 the process object is
initialized to the start of the input information
storage table shown in Fig. 63. At next Step S6103 it
is checked whether all process objects were processed.
If processed, in the concept instance list unification
process at Step S6108, by referring to the concept
instances generated by the above process and stored in
the concept instance list, associated concept instances
are unified to some concept instance to thereafter
terminate the process.

If it is not judged at Step S6103 that all process
objects were processed, it is judged at next Step S6104
whether there is input information corresponding to the
input unit to be processed. If not, the flow advances
to Step S1607. If it is judged at Step S6104 that
there is input information, in the input information
concept instance generation process at next Step S6105,
an input information concept instance list is generated
which stores a concept instance generated from the
input information to be analyzed, and at next Step
S6106 added to the concept instance list. At next Step
S6107, in order to use the next process object, the
flow returns to Step S6103 to repeat the process.

Fig. 62 is a diagram illustrating that an
operator inputs hand-written information

"c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" with the handwriting
input unit and inputs speech information "Send to Mike"
with the speech input unit. Fig. 63 is a diagram
showing an example of the input information storage

5   table in which input information is stored by the input
detection process shown in Fig. 60 after the
information input shown in Fig. 62. Figs. 64 to 66 are
diagrams showing examples of the concept instance list
initialized and updated by the input analysis process

10   shown in Fig. 61.

       The concept instance list of this embodiment is
generated in accordance with the states of inputs such
as the speech input and hand-written input shown in
Fig. 62, screen information displayed at the input

15   time, internal information in operation, and external
information connected by a network or the like or
detectable with a camera, a sensor or the like.

       The input analysis process acquires the concept
instance list by referring to such states, and adds the

20   concept instance generated by referring to the inputs
to the acquired concept instance list, generates the
request information corresponding to the generated
concept instance, and applies the generated request
information. In this manner, the input analysis

25   process unifies and develops the concept instances in
the concept instance list.

       Fig. 64 is a diagram showing a concept instance 1

of ConceptType = File generated from the input hand-written information shown in Fig. 62 by the input information concept instance generation process and a concept instance list associated with the concept

5   instance 1.

Fig. 65 is a diagram showing a concept instance 2 of ConceptType = Send generated from the input speech information "Send to Mike" shown in Fig. 62 by the input information concept instance generation process,

10 a concept instance 4 of ConceptType - Person associated with the slot To of the concept instance 2, and a concept instance list associated with the concept instance 1 shown in Fig. 64 and the concept instance 2.

Fig. 66 is a diagram showing the concept instance

15 list unified by the concept instance list unification process by referring to the concept instance list shown in Fig. 65. The concept instance 1 is associated with the slot Object of the concept instance 2 and deleted from the concept instance list.

20 The process that an operator inputs hand-written information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" with the handwriting input unit and inputs speech information "Send to Mike" with the speech input unit, will be described in detail with reference to relevant

25 drawings.

Information input by an operator is detected by the input detection process at Step S301 in Fig. 3

showing the overall process. Specifically, as the
input detection process shown in Fig. 60 is activated,
the input information storage table is initialized to
empty values at Step S6001.

At next Step S6002 it is judged that the effective
hand-written information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc"
is input. At Step S6003 the input hand-written
information is stored in the input information storage
table. At next Step S6004 it is judged that effective
key information is not input, and the flow skips to
Step S6006.

At Step S6006 it is judged that the effective
speech information "Send to Mike" is input. At Step
S6007 the input speech information is stored in the
input information storage table. At next Step S6008 it
is judged that the hand-written information and speech
information are stored by the above processes, and it
is judged as "input present" to terminate the input
detection process.

Therefore, at Step S302 it is judged that there is
an input. At next Step S303 it is judged whether the
detected input information is information to be subject
to the input analysis process which is a main component
of the invention. In this example, since the input
information is natural language information, it is
judged that the input information is to be subjected to
the input analysis process. The input information is

analyzed by the input analysis process at next Step S304.

Specifically, as the input analysis process shown in Fig. 61 is activated, the concept instance list acquirement process at Step S6101 generates the concept instance list which stores concept instances generated in accordance with the state at the input time and the past state. However, in this example, the concept instance list is not generated.

At next Step S6102 the process object is initialized to the input ID = 1 at the top of the input information storage table shown in Fig. 63. At next Step S6103 it is judged that all process objects are not processed. It is checked at next Step S6104 whether there is input information corresponding to the input unit to be processed. Since there is the hand-written information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" corresponding to the input ID -1, the flow advances to next Step S6105.

The input information concept instance generation process at Step S6105 generates the input information concept instance list which stores the concept instance generated from the hand-written information to be analyzed, and at next Step S6106 adds it to the concept instance list (Fig. 64). At next Step S6107, in order to use the next process object, the flow returns to Step S6103 to repeat the process.

For the second process object, it is also judged at Step S6103 that all process objects are not processed. At next Step S6104 it is judged whether there is input information corresponding to the input unit to be processed. Since there is no key information corresponding to the input ID - 2, at Step S6107, in order to use the next process object, the flow returns to Step S6103 to repeat the process.

For the third process object, it is also judged at Step S6103 that all process objects are not processed. At next Step S6104 it is judged whether there is input information corresponding to the input unit to be processed. Since there is the speech information "Send to Mike" corresponding to the input ID - 3, the flow advances to Step S6105.

The input information concept instance generation process at Step S6105 generates the input information concept instance list which stores the concept instance generated from the input speech information to be analyzed, and at next Step S6106 adds it to the concept instance list (Fig. 65). At next Step S6107, in order to use the next process object, the flow returns to Step S6103 to repeat the process.

Since the fourth process object does not exist, it is judged at Step S6103 that all process objects are processed. The concept instance list unification process at Step S6108 refers to the concept instances

generated by the above processed and stored in the concept instance list, and unifies the associated concept instances to some concept instance, to thereafter terminate the input analysis process.

5   Specifically, as the concept instance list unification process shown in Fig. 57 is activated, the request information is generated basing upon ConceptType by referring to the concept instance 1 stored in the concept instance list at the top thereof.

10   In this case, although the request information corresponding to the slot type Name is to be generated by referring to the definition of the concept File shown in Fig. 54, the request information is not generated because the concept instance 1 itself has

15   already a value.

         Next, by referring to the concept instance 2 stored at the next location, the request information corresponding to ConceptType = Send is generated. Since the value of the slot type To is already had,

20   only the request information of the slot types Actor, Object and From is generated which result is shown in Fig. 55. Thereafter, the request information is applied and the unified result is obtained which is the concept instance list shown in Fig. 66.

25   In the process determination process at next Step S305, a process to be executed is determined by referring to the concept instance list. In this

example, a Send process is determined because the ConceptType of the concept instance stored in the concept instance list is Send.

In the execution instruction process at next Step S306, an internal process, an external process in the apparatus, or a process in an external apparatus is instructed. Specifically, depending upon the values in the slots Object and To of the concept instances, a method of instructing a process changes as to which method is used, whether the actual process is executed immediately after the instruction or after a predetermined time lapse, or the like.

If it is judged at next Step S307 that the instruction does not indicate an end, the flow returns to Step S301 to prepare for a new input or the like. If it is judged at Step S307 that the instruction indicates an end, the flow advances to an end process at Step S308 to execute an actual termination process.

In this embodiment, a combination of the hand-written input and speech input has been described. As will be easily understood, a combination of an key input and a speech input can also be processed in a similar manner. Further, although the combination of the hand-written input and speech input has been described in this embodiment, a combination of an image input and a speech input by using a scanner, a camera or the like can also be processed in a similar manner

as will be easily understood.

[Third Embodiment]

In this embodiment, a method of processing information of different types input from a plurality of input units by converting the information of different types into information of the same type, will be described specifically.

Fig. 67 is a flow chart illustrating the input conversion process at Step S1501 described with reference to the input information concept instance generation process shown in Fig. 15. In the input conversion process, input information to be analyzed is converted into process object information capable of being processed. For example, if information stored in the knowledge database to be referred to by a knowledge database retrieval process to be later described is constituted of information necessary for generating an input character string and a concept instance, information input in a different format is converted into the character string format capable of being retrieved.

Namely, as shown in Fig. 2, when hand-written information is input, it is converted into a character string by the hand-written recognition process, when key information is input, it is converted into a character string by the kana-kanji conversion process, and when speech information is input, it is converted

into a character string by the speech recognition process.

Specifically, as the input conversion process is activated, it is checked at Step S6701 whether the
5   input information is hand-written information. If it is hand-written information, in the hand-written recognition process at Step S6702 the hand-written input information is converted into a character string as the process object information to thereafter
10   terminate the process. If it is not hand-written information, it is checked at Step S6703 whether the input information is key information. If it is key information, in the kana-kanji conversion process at Step S6704 the key information is converted into a
15   character string as the process object information to thereafter terminate the process.

If it is not key information, it is checked at Step S6705 whether the input information is speech information. If it is speech information, in the
20   speech recognition process at Step S6706 the speech information is converted into a character string as the process object information to thereafter terminate the process. If it is not speech information, the input information itself is used as the process object
25   information to thereafter terminate the process.

With the above-described input conversion process, input information of different types input from a

plurality of input units is converted into the format of the character string as the process object information capable of being processed by the input information concept instance shown in Fig. 15.

5   Therefore, the input information can be processed.

[Fourth Embodiment]

In this embodiment, a method of collectively understanding and processing information input from a plurality of input units by correlating the plurality piece of information and by considering the input order

10   piece of information and by considering the input order thereof, will be described specifically.

Fig. 68 is a flow chart illustrating the input detection process at Step S301 shown in Fig. 3 illustrating the whole process of the information

15   processing apparatus. The different point from the flow chart shown in Fig. 12 is that information input from a plurality of input units can be processed by considering the input order thereof.

The input detection process of this embodiment

20   checks inputs from a plurality of input units, stores the input information as a combination of an input time and a type of the input information in the input information storage table shown in Fig. 72, and detects whether there is any piece of effective information to

25   be processed by the information processing apparatus. If there is even one piece of effective information, the input information is sorted in the order of input

time.

Specifically, as the input detection process is activated, at Step S6801 the input information storage table is initialized to empty values.

5   At next Step S6802 it is checked whether the input information is effective hand-written information.   If it is effective hand-written information, the flow advances to Step S6803 whereat the input hand-written information is stored in the input information storage

10   table to thereafter return to Step S6802.   At next Step S6804 it is checked whether the input information is effective key information.   If it is effective key information, the flow advances to Step S6805 whereat the input key information is stored in the input

15   information storage table to thereafter return to Step S6804.

At next Step S6806 it is checked whether the input information is effective speech information.   If it is effective speech information, the flow advances to Step

20   S6807 whereat the input speech information is stored in the input information storage table to thereafter return to Step S6806.   At next Step S6808 it is checked whether the input information is effective image information.   If it is effective image information, the

25   flow advances to Step S6809 whereat the input image information is stored in the input information storage table to thereafter return to Step S6808.

At next Step S6810 it is judged whether input
information was stored in the effective input
information storage table by the above processes. If
not, it is judged as "input absent" to thereafter
5   terminate the process. If it is judged that effective
input information was stored, at Step S6811 it is
judged as "input present" to thereafter terminate the
process.

Fig. 69 is a flow chart illustrating the input
10 analysis process at Step S304 shown in Fig. 3. The
different point from the flow chart shown in Fig. 13 is
that information input from a plurality of input units
can be processed by considering the input order
thereof.

15 In the input analysis process in this embodiment,
the concept instance list is generated which stores
concept instances generated in accordance with the
state at the input time, the past state and input
information to be analyzed.

20 Specifically, as the input analysis process is
activated, in a concept instance list acquirement
process at Step S6901, a concept instance list is
generated which stores concept instances generated in
accordance with the state at the input time and the
25 past state. At next Step S6902 the process object is
initialized to the top of an input information storage
table shown in Fig. 72. At next Step S6903 generation

process object information is initialized which is used
as the process object of an input information concept
instance generation process at Step S6907 to be
described later.

5   At next Step S6904 it is judged whether all
process objects were processed. If not, the flow
advances to Step S6905 whereat input information of the
process object is added to the generation process
object information. At next Step S6906, in order to

10   use the next process object, the flow returns to Step
S6904 to repeat the process.

If it is judged at Step S6904 that all object
processes were processed, in the input information
concept instance generation process at Step S6907 an

15   input information instance list is generated which
stores concept instances generated from input
information to be analyzed, and added to the concept
instance list at next Step S6908.

In a concept instance list unification process at

20   next Step S6909, associated concept instances are
unified to some concept instance by referring to the
concept instances stored in the concept instance list
generated by the above processes, to thereafter
terminate the process.

25   Fig. 70 is a diagram illustrating the state that
an operator inputs speech information "Send" by using
the speech input unit, inputs key information

"c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" by using the key input
unit, input speech information "to" by using the speech
input unit, inputs hand-written information "John" by
using the handwriting unit, inputs speech information
"at" by using the speech input unit, and inputs image
information "53, Nakahara-ku Kawasaki-shi" by using the
image input unit.

Fig. 71 shows an example of information stored in
the input unit 1 shown in Fig. 1 after the inputs
illustrated in Fig. 70 are entered.

The hand-written information "John" input from the
handwriting input unit as well as the input time is
stored in a hand-written input information storage
table.   The key information "c:\MyDoc\Report\
June1998.doc" input from the key input unit as well as
the input time is stored in a key input information
storage table.

The speech information "Send", "to" and "at" input
from the speech input unit as well as the input times
is stored in a speech input information storage table.
The image information "53, Nakahara-ku Kawasaki-shi"
input from the image input unit as well as the input
time is stored in an image input information storage
table.

Each input information storage table may be formed
independently in the input unit 1 or in the data memory
5.   In the latter case the input unit 1 operates to

store the input information in the manner illustrated in Fig. 68, whereas in the former case CPU 2 operates to store the input information in the data memory 5 and refer the stored input information in the manner

5   illustrated in Fig. 68.

Fig. 72 is a diagram showing an example of the input information storage table whose contents are stored in the input detection process shown in Fig. 68 after the inputs shown in Fig. 70 are entered. In the

10   input information storage table, each piece of the information input from each input unit shown in Fig. 71 is time sequentially sorted and stored.

Fig. 73 is a diagram showing an example of generation object information generated from the input

15   information storage table shown in Fig. 72 to be processed by the input information concept instance generation process.

With reference to relevant diagrams, the sequential process will be described for realizing the

20   state that an operator inputs speech information "Send" by using the speech input unit, inputs key information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" by using the key input unit, input speech information "to" by using the speech input unit, inputs hand-written information "John" by

25   using the handwriting unit, inputs speech information "at" by using the speech input unit, and inputs image information "53, Nakahara-ku Kawasaki-shi" by using the

image input unit.

The information input from the operator is detected by the input detection process at Step S301 shown in Fig. 3.

Specifically, as the input detection process shown in Fig. 68 is activated, at Step S6801 the input information storage table is initialized to empty values.

At next Step S6802 it is judged that effective hand-written information "John" is input. At Step S6803 the input hand-written information is added to the input information storage table to thereafter return to Step S6802.

At Step S6802 it is judged there is no more input information, and the flow advances to Step S6804 whereat it is judged that effective key information "c:\MyDoc\Report\June1998.doc" is input. At Step S6805 the input key information is added to the input information storage table to thereafter return to Step S6804.

At Step S6804 it is judged there is no more input information, and the flow advances to Step S6806 whereat it is judged that effective speech information "Send" is input. At Step S6807 the input speech information is added to the input information storage table to thereafter return to Step S6806. At Step S6806 it is judged that effective speech information

"to" is input, and the input speech information is
added to the input information storage table to
thereafter return to Step S6806. At Step S6806 it is
judged that effective speech information "at" is input,
5   and at Step S6807 the input speech information is added
to the input information storage table to thereafter
return to Step S6806.

At Step S6806 it is judged there is no more input
information, and the flow advances to Step S6808
10 -   whereat it is judged that effective image information
"53, Nakahara-ku Kawasaki-shi" is input. At Step S6809
the input image information is added to the input
information storage table to thereafter return to Step
S6808.

15   At Step S6808 it is judged there is no more input
information, and the flow advances to next Step S6810
whereat it is judged that input information is stored
in the input information storage table by the above
processes. The flow advances to an input time sort
20   process at Step S6811. The input information stored in
the input information storage table is sorted in the
order of input time as shown in Fig. 72, and it is
judged as "input present" to thereafter terminate the
process.

25   It is therefore judged at Step S302 that there is
input information. At next Step S303 it is judged
whether the detected input information is processed by

the input analysis process which is a main component of the invention. In this example, since the detected input information is natural language information, the input information is judged as the information to be

5   analyzed by the input analysis process. At next Step S304 the input information is analyzed by the input analysis process.

Specifically, as the input analysis shown in Fig. 69 is activated, the concept instance list acquirement

10   process at Step S6901 generates the concept instance list which stores concept instances generated in accordance with the state at the input time and the past state. However, in this example, the concept instance list is not generated.

15   At next Step S6902 the process object is initialized to the input ID = 1 at the top of the input information storage table shown in Fig. 72. At next Step S6903 the generation process object information is initialized which is processed by the input information

20   concept instance generation process. At next Step S6904 it is judged that all process objects were not processed. At next Step S6905 the speech information "Send" corresponding to the input ID = 1 is added to the generation process object information. At next

25   step S6906, in order to use the next process object, the flow returns to Step S6904 to repeat the process.

For the inputs IDs = 2 to 6, processes similar to

the above are repeated so that the generation process
object information is updated as shown in Fig. 73.
Thereafter, at Step S6904 it is judged that all process
objects were processed. In the input information
5   concept instance generation process at Step S6907, an
input information concept instance list which stores
concept instances generated from the input information
to be analyzed, is generated and at Step S6908 added to
the concept instance list.

10   In the concept instance list unification process
at next Step S6909, associated concept instances are
unified to some concept instance by referring to the
concept instances generated by the above processes and
stored in the concept instance list, to thereafter
15   terminate the input analysis process.

In the process determination process at next Step
S305, a process to be executed is determined by
referring to the concept instance list. In this
example, since ConceptType of the concept instance
20   stored in the concept instance list is Send, a Send
process is determined. In the execution instruction
process at next Step S306, an internal process, an
external process in the apparatus, or a process in an
external apparatus is instructed. Specifically,
25   depending upon the values in the slots Object and To of
the concept instances, a method of instructing a
process changes as to which method is used, whether the

actual process is executed immediately after the instruction or after a predetermined time lapse, or the like.

If it is judged at next Step S307 that the instruction does not indicate an end, the flow returns to Step S301 to prepare for a new input or the like. If it is judged at Step S307 that the instruction indicates an end, the flow advances to an end process at Step S308 to execute an actual termination process.

According to the embodiments described above, a combination of a plurality type of input information can be processed. It is possible to realize natural interaction using natural languages in a manner like people can do. An operator can recognize only the contents which result from using an application.

The invention can be applied to a system constituted of a plurality of apparatus (such as a computer, an interface unit and a display) or to a single apparatus, so long as the functions of the embodiments can be realized.

The scope of the invention includes the case wherein the functions of the embodiments are achieved by supplying a computer (or CPU or MPU) in a system or apparatus connected to various devices with program codes of software and by making the computer operate the devices in accordance with the supplied program codes. In such a case, the program codes themselves

read from a storage medium realize the functions of each embodiment. Therefore, means for supplying the computer with the program codes, e.g., a storage medium storing such program codes, constitutes the present

5   invention.

The storage medium for supplying such program codes may be a floppy disk, a hard disk, an optical disk, a magnetooptical disk, a CD-ROM, a CD-R, a magnetic tape, a nonvolatile memory card, a ROM or the

10   like.

It is obvious that the scope of the invention also includes program codes not only in the case wherein the functions of each embodiment can be realized by executing the program codes read by a computer, but

15   also in the case wherein the functions of each embodiment can be realized by an OS (operating system), running on the computer or in cooperation with application software, in accordance with the program codes.

20   It is obvious that the scope of the invention also includes the case wherein the functions of each embodiment can be realized by writing the program codes read from the storage medium into a memory of a function expansion board inserted into a computer or of

25   a function expansion unit connected to the computer, and thereafter by executing a portion or the whole of actual processes by a CPU or the like of the function

expansion board or function expansion unit.

If the invention is to be applied to the storage medium, this medium stores programs codes corresponding to the above-described flow charts.

5   Although the present invention has been described in its preferred form with a certain degree of particularity, many apparently widely different embodiments of the invention can be made without departing from the spirit and the scope thereof. It is

10   to be understood that the invention is not limited to the specific embodiments thereof except as defined in the appended claims.